non-arable lands. Light engineering works such as construction of water harvesting/silt detention structures, Nalah/stream erosion control structures are also being done. The details of progress of works during the last three years are given below:—

Year	Physical achieceme nt (in hectar	e s ;s)	Expendi-ture (Rupees in lakhs)
1984-85	7350		126.25
1985-86	8770		166.94
1986-87	9661		180.85

Adoption, of New Strategy for Development of Agriculture

2200. SHRI GANESHWAR KUSUM: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have adopted a new strategy for the deve lopment of agriculture during the Seventh Five Year Plan period;

(b) if so, what are the details of the strategy adopted in Orissa for thedevelopment of agriculture; and

(c) what are the details of the Central assistance given to Orissa under different centrally-sponsored schemes for this purpose till now?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) Yes, Sir.

The broad elements of strategy . during the Seventh Plan will be (i) substantial increase in area under high-yielding varieties; (ii) increased consumption of key inputs like chemical fertilisers; (iii) strengthening of institutional arrangements for timely delivery of inputs of assured quality in adequate quantities; (iv) intensification of pests and disease surveillance arrangements and timely control operations; (v) raising of cropping intensity and productivity particularly in the irrigated areas; (vi) reclamation and development of old tallow lands, saline and alkaline lands, water-logged areas and coastal saline areas; (vii) other soil conservation measures to improve the quality of land or to check its degradation; (viii) provision of insurance cover to crops; (ix) assuring of remunerative prices to the farmers; (x) strengthening of extension network on the pattern of T&V system for quick and effective transfer of technology to the farmers; (xi) cross-breeding of cattle with exotic dairy breeds; (xii) rearing of sheep and goats to augment the production of wool and meat; (xiii) exploitation of Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) by promotion of investment in deep sea fishing; (xiv) expansion of diversified coastal fishing besides introducing new motorised and mechanised fishing craft; (xv) intensive fish farming in tanks and ponds through the Fish Farmers Development Agencies, etc.

(b) The Government of Orissa proposes to adopt a strategy to (i) stabilise agricultural production in unirri-gated and rainfed areas through adoption of latest technology for dryland/ rainfed farming; (ii) achieve increased production i_n the irrigated areas through adoption of multi-crop system with emphasis on optimum utilisation of irrigation potential particularly in command areas; (iii) give concerted attention to ensure timely, easy and adequate supply of agricultural inputs like seeds, fertilisers, implements, plant protection chemicals, credit and, above all, the right technology; (iv) intensify the monitoring of the supply of the above inputs at different levels during the Seventh plan period; (v) step up milk and egg production through genetic improvement of livestock; (vi) increase the production of fodder seeds for intensive fodder cultivation; (vii) improve animal

health facilities; (viii) increase marine fish production through provision of infr.astructura| faeiH|ties like jetties, landing bases, etc. to the traditional fishermen and also increase inland fish production through Fish Farmers Development Agencies and Brackish Water Fish Development Agencies.

The important crop production programmes are (i) Special Rice Production Programme in six Eastern States including Orissa for boosting the productivity of rice through distribution of a large number of seed minikits; (ii) Intensive programme for increasing the production of pulses through larger coverage of area and increased productivity; and (iii) Expansion of the programme for raising the production and productivity of oilseeds to meet the shortfall of the State's needs through (a) provision of quality seeds at subsidised rates, (b) transport subsidy on soil amendment, (c) Promoting use of phosphatic fertilisers and potassic fertilisers through supply on subsidised basis, etc.

(c) Central assistance to States for the State Plan schemes including agricultural development schemes, extended under the modified Gadgil formula, is in the form of block loans and grants and is not allocated sector-wise. The total Central assistance earmarked for Orissa for financing the State Plan programmes for the Seventh Five Year Plan as a whole, as also for Annual Plans, 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 under various Heads, as indicated by the Planning Commission, is as under:—

Item	Seventh plan (1985-90)	Annual Plans 1985-86	1986-87	1987-8?
				Rs. in crores
Central Assistance	115243	214-22	240-97	307-00
Advance plan Assistance		15-08	(a)3a77	6)5-48
Adjustment of Relief Assistance	(.)8.67	6)8.67	6)7556	6)8-21
Net Central Assistance	1143.76	220-63	239-64	293-31
Approved outlay for the state Plan	2700.00	450.00	600.00	750.00

Apart from Central assistance for Implementation of the State Plans, the Central Government also provide to the States including Orissa assistance for implementation of Central Schemes on 100 per cent basis and Centrally Sponsored Schemes on a sharing basis.

Employment under RLEGP

2201. SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA: SHRI ATAL BEHARI VAJPAYEE;

"Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to refer to reply to Unstar-red Question 2406 given in the Rajya Sabha on 14th August, 1987 and state:

(a) for how many households in each State and Union Territory, gainful employment of a lasting nature has been provided as yet under the RLEGP; and

(b) in which State and Union Territory provision of 'guarantee' has been implemented during the last four years; if there has been 100 per cent non-implementation in this regard, whether Government propose to delete the word 'Guarantee' from the programme's name?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVE-LOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI RAMANAND